

# Safety Data Sheet Crown VOC Compliant Pro Thinner Med <25

# **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Crown VOC Compliant Pro Thinner Med <25

SDS number: CL.PRTM25

Synonym(s): Solvent/biosolvent blend

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: Thinner for paints and coatings

Uses advised against: Do not use in closed areas. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor

Packaging Service Co., Inc. 1904 Mykawa Road

Pearland, TX 77581-3210 USA

1-281-485-1458

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (USA) CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666 (Canada)

# **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 2 [H225] Skin Irritation - Category 2 [H315] Sensitization, Skin - Category 1 [H317] Eye Irritation, Category 2A [H319]

Single Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H335] Single Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H336]

# 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard symbols** 







GHS02 GHS08 C

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements:

[Prevention]

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 + P242 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe fumes, mist and vapor.
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

[Response] P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

or shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 + H312 - Specific treatment: Get medical attention, especially if you feel unwell. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

P333 + P337 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs or if eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P233 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. [Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Annex Number	GHS Classification
60 - 85	Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	606-001-00-8	H225, H319, H336
7 - 20	Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	201-185-2	607-021-00-X	H225, H319, H336
1 - 12	4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	202-681-1		H226, H315, H319, H335, H411
1 - 10	Biosolvent Blend	Proprietary			H315, H317, H319
0.1 - 3.0	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	265-149-8	649-422-00-2	H227, H304, H315, H336, H411
<0.5	Terpene Hydrocarbons	Proprietary			H226, H315, H317, H410

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identify and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with the applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If irritation persists or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures, if present. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# Potential health symptoms and effects

**Eyes:** Causes severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include inflammation, swelling, pain, tearing and blurred vision. Risk of corneal clouding. Vapor or mist can cause eye irritation.

**Skin:** Causes skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. Prolonged contact with unprotected skin may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction in susceptible individuals.

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation with headache, cough, sore throat and shortness of breath. Irritating to mucous membranes. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, salivation, dizziness, narcosis, unconsciousness, coma and possible death. May cause depression of the central nervous system. May cause motor incoordination and speech abnormalities. May cause damage to the liver and kidneys.

**Ingestion:** Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. May cause stomach and intestinal disorders. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, excitement, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, stupor and coma. Advanced stages of exposure may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. Symptoms may be delayed.

**Chronic:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting of the skin, dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. May cause an allergic skin reaction in some individuals. Chronic inhalation or ingestion may cause damage to the central nervous system, impair respiratory or pulmonary function, damage mucous membranes or cause damage to the liver and kidneys.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Organic solvents may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and cause permanent damage to the nervous system, including the brain. Chronic solvent abuse (e.g. sniffing solvents such as those contained in this product) has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and potential cardiac arrest.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Effects may be delayed. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

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### 5.1 Extinguishable media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical. Unsuitable methods of extinction: Water jets or streams may spread the fire. This material floats on water.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable liquid and vapor! Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Exposure to ignition sources (e.g cell phones) can ignite vapors, causing a flash fire. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention. **Explosion hazards:** Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces. Ground and bond containers in storage and when container is in use.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Be aware that burning liquid will float on water. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spills create a slip hazard.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Approach spill from upwind direction. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

This product contains substances classified as oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and under the Oil Pollution Act (OPA). In the USA discharges or spills of material on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment, see Section 13.

# **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residues. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

# SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
67-64-1	Acetone	1,000 ppm; 2,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	250 ppm; 594 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 250 ppm; 1,187 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	250 ppm; 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 2,500 ppm IDLH (LEL)
	Methyl Acetate	200 ppm; 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	200 ppm; 606 mg/m³ TWA 250 ppm; 757 mg/m³ STEL	200 ppm; 610 mg/m³ TWA 250 ppm; 760 mg/m³ STEL 3,100 ppm IDLH

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ngredient OSI	IA PEL A	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
,,	/m³ TWA 200	0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	
	ates (Petroleum), 200 mg/	ates (Petroleum), 200 mg/m³ TWA 200	

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Hygiene measures:** Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eyelface protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

**Hand protection:** Wear butyl rubber gloves or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respiratory and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.







# **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid

Odor Solvent/faint citrus **Odor Threshold** No data available Molecular Weight Not applicable Odor Threshold No data available Not applicable **Molecular Weight Chemical Formula** Not applicable рH No data available Freezing/Melting Point No data available **Initial Boiling Point** 56.2 °C (133 °F) **Evaporation Rate** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flash Point, Initial -18 °C (0.4 °F) [estimated]

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)
Vapor Pressure
Vapor Density
No data available
Vapor Density
No data available
O.8466 [calculated]

**Density** 0.842 - 0.852 g/ml (7.02 - 7.11 lb/gal) [calculated]

Viscosity

Solubility in Water

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

Oxidizing Properties

Explosive Properties

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C

No data available

No data available

No data available

9.2 Other data

Flammability Classification IB

### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1 Reactivity

This product is stable under normal handling conditions and use.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

This product is stable under recommended storage conditions.

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### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases, perchlorates, aliphatic amines, halogens, potassium t-butoxide, rubber, various plastics

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products include oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons.

### **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute oral toxicity

No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity

No data available

### Acute dermal toxicity

No data available

### Skin irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### Eye irritation

Causes severe eye irritation and serious eye damage.

### Sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction

### Genotoxicity in vitro

No data available

### Mutagenicity

No data available

### Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be irritating to the respiratory tract.

### Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

### 11.2 Further information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS #64742-47-8) is suspected of damaging fertility and the unborn child. Adverse symptoms of exposure to may include reduced fetal weight, increased fetal mortality rate and skeletal malformations.

Fetotoxic effects have been observed in the offspring of laboratory animals when exposed to high doses of Acetone (CAS #67-64-1).

Terpene Hydrocarbons (CAS #5989-27-5): IARC, Group 3 carcinogen - *Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.* Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicated that it caused adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Large spills or discharges of this material are harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is expected to biodegrade over time. Some ingredients are not readily biodegradable.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride and Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light have the potential to bioaccumulate.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

### Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to run into surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

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### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

RCRA U-Series: Acetone (CAS #67-64-1), U002

### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Note: Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Limited quantity for flammable liquids Packing Group II when inner packagings are not over 5.0 liters (1.3 gallons) net capacity each, packed in a strong outer packaging.

# USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk

**Proper Shipping Name:** Paint related material

**Hazard Class:** UN1263 UN/NA: Packing Group: Ш

NAERG: Guide #128

**Packaging Authorization:** Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.173; Bulk: 173.242

49 CFR 173.150; 49 CFR 172.102, special provision 149 Packaging Exceptions:

### IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name: Paint related material

**Hazard Class:** 3

UN/NA: UN1263 Packing Group: Ш Marine Pollutant: No **EMS Number:** F-E, S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

**Proper Shipping Name:** Paint related material

**Hazard Class:** 3

UN/NA: UN1263

Packing Group: Ш

**Quantity Limitations:** 49 CFR 175.27 and 175.75 - Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 I; Passenger Aircraft: 5 I

### **RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)**

Proper Shipping Name: Paint related material

**Hazard Class:** UN/NA: UN1263 Packing Group:

# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

# U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

OSHA Process Safety Management Standard: This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

EPA Risk Management Planning Standard: This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act: This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All of the substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number

### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number

Acetone (CAS #67-64-1): DEA Chemical code 6532 - 35% by Weight or Volume; exports only; limit applies to toluene or any combination of acetone, ethyl ether, 2-butanone, methyl isobutyl ketone, and toluene if present in the mixture by summing the concentrations for each chemical.

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: No listings

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard. Acute Health Hazard

SARA 313 Information: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by of these sections of Title III of SARA.

Drum Label(s)



Effective Date: 21 August 2018 Crown VOC Compliant Pro Thinner Med <25 SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by of these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains the following CERCLA reportable substance: Acetone (CAS #67-64-1): RQ - 2,268 kg (5,000 lbs)

This product has a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of 6,667.6 lbs. (943.6 gal) based on the RQ for Acetone of 5,000 lbs. Releases above the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

### Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain any Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This product does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

### Clean Water Act (CWA)

Acetone and 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride are Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

Terpene Hydrocarbons are Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

This product does not contain any Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

Distillates (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8) is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the CWA and the Oil Pollution Act (OPA) of 1990.

# **U.S. State Regulations**

### California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

This product does not contain chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Other U.S. State Inventories

Acetone (CAS #67-64-1) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutant lists: CA, DE, ID, ME, MA, MN, NJ, NY, PA, RI, WA.

Methyl Acetate (CAS #79-20-9) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, NJ, NY, PA, RI, WI.

### Canada

# **WHMIS Hazard Classification**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Causes skin irritation and serious eye damage

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): Terpenes (all isomers) are listed on the NPRI.

### **European Economic Community**

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 2 (hazardous to waters)

### **Global Chemical Inventory Lists**

Country	Inventory Name	Inventory Listing*
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECI)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>Yes - All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

# **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

Health 2
Flammability 3
Physical Hazard 0
Personal Protection C

C = safety glasses, gloves and an apron

### **HMIS Hazard Rating Legend**

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe \* = Chronic Health Hazard

### NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

# National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Flammability

2 0

Health

Instability

### Special

# Full Text of GHS Hazard Phrases Referenced in Section 3 (not covered in Section 2)

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H227 - Combustible liquid H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H316 - May cause mild skin irritation

No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

# **Abbreviation Key**

Abbieviatio	<del></del>		
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations	NA	North America
	concerning the international transport of dangerous	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
	by road)	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
DOT	Department of Transportation	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
<b>EMS Guide</b>	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	Carrying Dangerous Goods	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	ppm	Parts Per Million
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and	RQ	Reportable Quantity
	Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TWA	Time-Weighted Average
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	UN	United Nations
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
IMO	International Maritime Organization	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY**

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