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1. Substance/preparation and company identification

Company BASF CORPORATION 100 Park Avenue Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA 24 Hour Emergency Response Information CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	2 2A 1 1 1			
Reproductive toxicity	1	unborn child		
Reproductive toxicity	2	fertility		
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	3	irritating to respiratory		
		system		
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	3	Vapours may cause drowsiness and		
		dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposu	2	Auditory		
specific target organ conterty repeated exposu	2	organ		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposu	2	Blood		
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposu	2	Central nervous system		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposu	2	Kidney		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposu	2	Liver		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposu	2	Peripheral nervous		
		system		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute	2	-		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic	2			
Flammable liquids 2				

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Label elements Pictogram: Flame Exclamation mark Environment Health hazard Signal Word: Danger Hazard Statement: Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Н373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H350 May cause cancer. Н340 May cause genetic defects. H360 May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Precautionary Statements (Prevention): P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P260 Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not handle until all safety precautions P202 have been read and understood. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep container tightly closed. P233 P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, P210 open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.			
Precautionary Statem P391 P314	ents (Response): Collect spillage. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.			
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.			
P337 + P313	advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.			
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and			
P303 + P361 + P353	keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with			
P333 + P313	water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P321 P362 + P364	Specific treatment (see on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			
P363 P370 + P378	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use water spray for			
P302 + P352	extinction. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and			
P305 + P351 + P338	water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.			
Precautionary Statem P405 P403 + P235 P403 + P233	ents (Storage): Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.			
Precautionary Statements (Disposal): P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.				
Hazards not otherwise classified				
No applicable information available.				
According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200				
Emergency overview FLAMMABLE LIQUID HARMFUL IF INHALED CAN CAUSE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE CAN CAUSE LIVER DAMAGE CAN CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE				

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	MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER. MAY CAUSE PULMONARY EDEMA INGESTION MAY CAUSE GASTRIC DISTURBANCES					
3.	Composition / Information on Ingredients					
	According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200					
	CAS Number	Weight	010	Chemical name		
	95-48-7	0.0 -	0.1 %	o-cresol		
	123-54-6	0.0 -	3.0 %	2,4-pentanedione		
	7631-86-9	0.0 -	15.0 %	o-cresol 2,4-pentanedione silica, amorphous naphtha, heavy alkylate petroleum naphtha, heavy		
	64741-65-7	0.0 -	3.0 %	naphtha, heavy alkylate		
	64742-48-9	0.0 -	20.0 %	petroleum naphtha, heavy		
	64742-89-8	0.0 -	15.0 %	vm&p naphtha		
	64742-95-6			solvent naphtha, light aromatic		
	127519-17-9	0.0 -	1.0 %	substituted benzotriazole		
	27253-31-2	0.0 -	0.2 %	neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		
	proprietary	0.0 -	5.0 %	Proprietary polyaminoamide salt		
	65-85-0	0.0 -	3.0 %	benzoic acid		
	67-63-0	0.0 -	5.0 %	isopropyl alcohol		
	67-64-1	0.0 -	25.0 %	acetone		
	78-83-1			isobutanol		
	95-63-6	0.0 -	5.0 %	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		
	96-29-7	0.0 -	1.0 %	methyl ethyl ketoxime		
	100-41-4	0.0 -	15.0 %	ethylbenzene		
	107-98-2			1-methoxy-2-propanol		
	108-67-8			mesitylene		
	110-12-3	0.0 -	10 0 %	methyl isoamyl ketone		
	123-86-4			n-butylacetate		
	1309-37-1			iron oxide		
	1344-28-1			aluminium oxide		
	7727-43-7			barium sulphate		
	8052-41-3			stoddard solvent		
	13463-67-7			titanium dioxide		
	21645-51-2			alumina hydroxide		
	22464-99-9			2-Ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt		
	41556-26-7	0.0 -	0.3 %	hindered amine light stabilizer		
	64742-81-0	0.0 -	3.0 %	kerosine, hydrodesulfurized		
	1330-20-7			xylene		
	64742-88-7	0.0 -		solvent naphtha, medium aliphatic		
	82919-37-7	0.0 -	1.0 %	light stabilizer		
	64742-95-6			solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1% benzen		
	64742-89-8	0.0 -	10.0 %	Solvent naphtha, light aliph., Low boiling P., <0,1% benzene		

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7782-42-5 12001-26-2 61788-71-4 98-82-8 12656-85-8	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$)	mica nickel naphthenates isopropylbenzene C.I. pigment red
According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200			
CAS Number	Weight %		Chemical name
1330-20-7	0.0 - 50.0		
67-64-1	0.0 - 25.0		
123-86-4	0.0 - 25.0) %	n-butylacetate
100-41-4	0.0 - 15.0) 응	ethylbenzene
64742-48-9	0.0 - 20.0		Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
67-63-0	0.0 - 5.0		isopropyl alcohol
64742-89-8	0.0 - 15.0) %	solvent naphtha, light aliph.,
			Low boiling P., <0,1% benzene
41556-26-7	0.0 - 0.3	3 %	hindered amine light
			stabilizer
64742-89-8			vm&p naphtha
107-98-2			1-methoxy-2-propanol
8052-41-3			stoddard solvent
			1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
	0.0 - 15.0		
	0.0 - 15.0		
	0.0 - 1.0		
64742-95-6			substituted benzotriazole solvent naphtha, light
04/42-95-0	0.0 - 20.0	5	aromatic
7631-86-9	0 0 - 15 0) ୁ	silica, amorphous
	0.0 - 0.1		
110-12-3			methyl isoamyl ketone
7782-42-5	0.0 - 10.0		
7429-90-5			aluminium powder
64742-88-7			solvent naphtha, medium
			aliphatic
64742-81-0	0.0 - 3.0) 응	kerosine, hydrodesulfurized
22464-99-9	0.0 - 3.0) 응	2-Ethylhexanoic acid,
			zirconium salt
21645-51-2			alumina hydroxide
7727-43-7			barium sulphate
1344-28-1			aluminium oxide
96-29-7			methyl ethyl ketoxime
61788-71-4			nickel naphthenates
13463-67-7			titanium dioxide
98-82-8			isopropylbenzene
27253-31-2 1317-80-2			neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt
12656-85-8			titanium dioxide (rutile) C.I. pigment red
T7070-07-0	0.0 - 10.0	5 0	C.I. PIGMENC IEG

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Description of first aid measures General advice: First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Remove contaminated clothing. If inhaled: Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulties develop, aid in breathing and seek immediate medical attention. If on skin: Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention. If in eyes: Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to facilitate rinsing. If irritation develops, seek medical attention. Seek medical attention. If swallowed: Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Immediate medical attention is required. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Note to physician Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. 5. Fire-Fighting Measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:

Dry extinguishing media Carbon dioxide Foam

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Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: water jet

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting: Vapors and/or decomposition products are irritants and/or toxic. If product is heated above decomposition temperatures, acrid smoke and fumes will be released.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting: Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information: Vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition. Flash fire may occur. Remove product from areas of fire or otherwise cool sealed containers with water in order to avoid pressure build-up due to heat. Do not flood burning material with water due to potential spreading of fire. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Run-off water from fire may cause pollution. Notify proper authorities.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged inhalation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use antistatic tools.

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Dike spillage. Place into appropriately labeled waste containers. Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal.

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7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not puncture, drop or slide containers. Use static lines when mixing and transferring material. Handle and open container with care. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Proper ventilation and respiratory protection is required when sanding, flame cutting, welding or brazing coated surfaces. Protection against fire and explosion: Use antistatic tools. Exhaust fans should be explosion proof.

Provide adequate ventilation to remove solvent vapors from lower levels or work areas and to prevent solvent contact with ignition sources. Sealed containers should be protected against heat as this results in pressure build-up. Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, or open flame.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from oxidizing agents. Segregate from strong bases. Segregate from strong acids.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed. Protect from direct sunlight. Protect from temperatures above 49C/ 120F. Consult local fire marshal for storage requirements.

Storage stability:

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits isopropyl alcohol ACGIH STEL 400 ppm; TWA 200 ppm OSHA PEL 400 ppm 980 mg/m3 acetone ACGIH STEL 750 ppm; TWA 500 ppm OSHA PEL 1000 ppm 2400 mg/m3 isobutanol ACGIH TWA 50 ppm OSHA PEL 100 ppm 300 mg/m3 o-cresol ACGIH TWA 20 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 5 ppm 22 mg/m3 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

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TWA 25 ppm ACGIH isopropylbenzene ACGIH TWA 50 ppm PEL 50 ppm 245 mg/m3 OSHA ethylbenzene ACGIH STEL 125 ppm; TWA 100 ppm PEL 100 ppm 435 mg/m3 OSHA 1-methoxy-2-propanol ACGIH STEL 150 ppm; TWA 100 ppm mesitylene ACGIH TWA 25 ppm methyl isoamyl ketone ACGIH TWA 50 ppm OSHA PEL 100 ppm 475 mg/m3 n-butylacetate ACGIH STEL 200 ppm; TWA 150 ppm OSHA PEL 150 ppm 710 mg/m3 iron oxide ACGIH TWA 5 mg/m3 titanium dioxide (rutile) ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m3 T OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 T xylene ACGIH STEL 150 ppm; TWA 100 ppm OSHA PEL 100 ppm 435 mg/m3 aluminium oxide ACGIH TWA 1 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 R; PEL 15 mg/m3 T aluminium powder ACGIH TWA 1 mg/m3 barium sulphate ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m3 PEL 5 mg/m3 R; PEL 15 mg/m3 T OSHA graphite ACGIH TWA 2 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 R; PEL 15 mg/m3 T stoddard solvent ACGIH TWA 100 ppm PEL 500 ppm 2900 mg/m3 OSHA mica ACGIH TWA 3 mg/m3 C.I. pigment red ACGIH TWA 0.05 mg/m3 OSHA CLV 0.1 mg/m3; PEL 1 mg/m3; PEL 15 mg/m3 T titanium dioxide ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 T talc ACGIH TWA 2 mg/m3 alumina hydroxide ACGIH TWA 1 mg/m3 T 2-Ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt ACGIH STEL 10 mg/m3; TWA 5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 petroleum naphtha, heavy

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OSHA PEL 100 ppm 400 mg/m3 kerosine, hydrodesulfurized ACGIH TWA 200 mg/m3 neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt ACGIH TWA 0.02 mg/m3 nickel naphthenates ACGIH TWA 0.1 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1 mg/m3 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy OSHA PEL 100 ppm 400 mg/m3

T Total dust R Respirable fraction

Advice on system design: Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L. General mechanical ventilation should comply with OSHA 1910.94.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapor respirator. Particulate filters should be added during spray operations. Do not exceed the maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hand protection: Use appropriate chemically resistant gloves as determined by an evaluation of glove performance characteristics and the hazards and potential hazards identified, including but not limited to butyl, natural and synthetic rubber, nitrile, or neoprene.

Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection: Body protection must be chosen based on activity level and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures: Work place should be equipped with a shower and eye wash. Contact lenses should not be worn. Remove contaminated clothing. Contaminated equipment or clothing should be cleaned after each use or disposed of. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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Odour:	solvent-like
Odour threshold:	No applicable information available.
Colour:	various
pH value:	No applicable information available.
Melting temperature:	No applicable information available.
Boiling range:	133 - 398 °F
Sublimation temperature:	No applicable information available.
) °F (8.9 - 26.1 °C)
	F Setaflash Closed Cup (measured)
Flammability:	No applicable information available.
Lower explosion limit:	0.6 - 1.4 % (V)
Upper explosion limit:	7.0 - 12.8 % (V)
Autoignition:	No applicable information available.
Vapour pressure:	not available
Density:	7.97 - 11.59 Lb/USg CALC
Relative density:	0.96 - 1.39
Vapour density:	heavier than air
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	No applicable information available
Thermal decomposition:	No applicable information available. No applicable information available.
Viscosity, dynamic:	No applicable information available.
Solids content:	approx. 17 - 66 % / 12.8958 - 45.2137
% (V)	appion. 17 00 0 7 12:0000 40:2107
Viscosity, kinematic:	>= 20.50 mm2/s
Solubility in water:	No applicable information available.
Solubility (quantitative):	No applicable information available.
Solubility (qualitative):	No applicable information available.
Evaporation rate:	No applicable information available.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity: No applicable information available.

Chemical stability

Chemical stability: The product is chemically stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: No applicable information available.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks or open flames. Avoid electrostatic discharge.

Incompatible materials

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Substances to avoid: strong bases strong oxidizing agents oxidizing agents strong acids Hazardous decomposition products Decomposition products: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide Thermal decomposition: No applicable information available. 11. Toxicological Information Primary routes of exposure Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquified gases. Primary routes of entry: Solvents are absorbed through the skin. Acute Toxicity/Effects Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: o-cresol
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of high toxicity after short-term skin contact.
Of high toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: benzoic acid
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.
Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.

Information on: isopropyl alcohol
Assessment of acute toxicity:
High concentrations in the air may cause narcosis.
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: acetone

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Assessment of acute toxicity: High concentrations in the air may cause narcosis.

Information on: isobutanol
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.
Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.

Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation.
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: methyl ethyl ketoxime
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact.
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: ethylbenzene
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation.
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Assessment of acute toxicity:
High concentrations in the air may cause narcosis.
Of low toxicity after single ingestion.

Information on: methyl isoamyl ketone Assessment of acute toxicity: Harmful by inhalation.

Information on: stoddard solvent Assessment of acute toxicity: Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal.

Information on: solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1%
benzen
Assessment of acute toxicity:
Of pronounced toxicity after short-term skin contact.</pre>

Oral

Acute oral toxicity: No applicable information available.

Inhalation

Acute inhalation toxicity: No applicable information available.

Dermal

Acute dermal toxicity: No applicable information available.

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Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single: Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract. Possible narcotic effects (drowsiness or dizziness).

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: o-cresol Assessment of irritating effects: Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Information on: solvent naphtha, light aromatic Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: benzoic acid Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: isopropyl alcohol Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation.

Information on: acetone Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to eyes.

Information on: isobutanol Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to eyes and skin.

Information on: methyl ethyl ketoxime Assessment of irritating effects: May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Information on: ethylbenzene Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight irritation to the eyes.

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Information on: 1-methoxy-2-propanol Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the eyes.

Information on: mesitylene Assessment of irritating effects: Irritating to skin.

Information on: kerosine, hydrodesulfurized Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: xylene Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: solvent naphtha, medium aliphatic Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation.

Information on: solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1%
benzen
Assessment of irritating effects:
Skin contact causes irritation.</pre>

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Information on: neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Information on: methyl ethyl ketoxime Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Information on: hindered amine light stabilizer Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Aspiration hazard No applicable information available. Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated exposure may affect certain organs.

Information on: benzoic acid Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:

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The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the central nervous system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the lung after repeated inhalation of high doses. Information on: isopropyl alcohol Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated inhalation of high doses. May affect the liver as indicated in animal studies. Information on: acetone Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the testes after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the hematological system after repeated ingestion of high doses. The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. Information on: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Investigations using experimental animals show that the material can cause lung tissue changes following inhalation. Information on: methyl ethyl ketoxime Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion. The substance may cause damage to the hematological system after repeated ingestion. Information on: ethylbenzene Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause deafness after repeated ingestion. The substance may cause deafness after repeated inhalation. Information on: 1-methoxy-2-propanol Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the kidney after repeated inhalation. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated ingestion of high doses, as shown in animal studies. The substance may cause damage to the liver after repeated inhalation of high doses. May affect the liver as indicated in animal studies.

Information on: methyl isoamyl ketone Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: May affect the liver and kidneys as indicated in animal studies.

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Information on: titanium dioxide Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause increase in lung mass and lung tissue changes after repeated inhalation. Genetic toxicity Assessment of mutagenicity: No applicable information available. Carcinogenicity Assessment of carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Information on: naphtha, heavy alkylate Assessment of carcinogenicity: The substance caused cancer in animal studies. Information on: petroleum naphtha, heavy Assessment of carcinogenicity: The substance caused cancer in animal studies. Information on: vm&p naphtha Assessment of carcinogenicity: The substance caused cancer in animal studies. Information on: methyl ethyl ketoxime Assessment of carcinogenicity: Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. Information on: ethylbenzene Assessment of carcinogenicity: NTP listed carcinogen IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans). Indication of possible carcinogenic effect in animal tests. Information on: titanium dioxide Assessment of carcinogenicity: IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans). In long-term studies in rats in which the substance was given by inhalation, a carcinogenic effect was observed. Tumors were only observed in rats after chronic inhalative exposure to high concentrations which caused sustained lung inflammation.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies suggest a fertility impairing effect.

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Development

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11.

12. Ecological Information

No applicable information available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal of substance Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations. The use and processing of this product, or addition of other constituents, may cause it to be considered a hazardous waste. It is the waste generators responsibility to determine if a particular waste is hazardous under RCRA. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Incinerate or dispose of in a RCRA licensed facility. Do not incinerate closed containers.

Container disposal WARNING: Empty containers may still contain hazardous residue. Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations.

14. Transport Information

Reference Bill of Lading

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations
Registration status
TSCA, US released / listed
SARA 313:
LA1201
ethylbenzene 6.0%; xylene 21.4%;

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LA1202 ethylbenzene 7.6%; xylene 28.71%; LA1206 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 27.1%; LA1209 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 6.2%; xylene 24.5%; T.A1218 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 2.0%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 27.6%; LA1223 ethylbenzene 7.6%; xylene 30.5%; Copper 3.5%; LA1224 ethylbenzene 7.2%; xylene 27.3%; LA1228 ethylbenzene 8.9%; xylene 31.5%; LA1229 ethylbenzene 6.3%; xylene 24.7%; LA1230 ethylbenzene 8.5%; Naphthenic acids, nickel salts 0.7%; xylene 31.6%; LA1234 ethylbenzene 8.6%; xylene 31.7%; LA1236 ethylbenzene 9.1%; xylene 33.1%; LA1237 ethylbenzene 7.4%; xylene 29.5%; LA1238 ethylbenzene 5.7%; propan-2-ol 2.7%; xylene 40.1%; LA1239 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 2.3%; ethylbenzene 8.1%; xylene 32.6%; LA1240 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.9%; ethylbenzene 7.5%; xylene 28.6%; LA1242 ethylbenzene 7.3%; xylene 29.2%; LA1243 ethylbenzene 7.5%; xylene 29.5%; LA1244 [1-[[(2-Hydroxyphenyl)imino]methyl]-2-naphtholato(2-)-N,0,0']copper 4.4%; ethylbenzene 8.0%; xylene 30.3%;

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LA1246 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.3%; ethylbenzene 8.5%; xylene 30.9%; LA1247 ethylbenzene 9.1%; xylene 32.5%; LA1250 ethylbenzene 8.6%; xylene 31.6%; T.A1256 ethylbenzene 10.2%; xylene 39.2%; LA1267 ethylbenzene 9.0%; xylene 33.2%; LA1268 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.1%; ethylbenzene 7.7%; xylene 28.6%; LA1269 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 3.1%; ethylbenzene 7.3%; xylene 28.0%; LA1270 ethylbenzene 8.4%; xylene 32.5%; LA1272 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 3.0%; copper, chlorinated 5.2%; ethylbenzene 7.8%; xylene 31.5%; LA1273 ethylbenzene 8.4%; xylene 32.8%; LA1276 aluminium powder (pyrophoric) 2.5%; ethylbenzene 5.9%; xylene 23.8%; LA1277 aluminium powder (pyrophoric) 4.9%; ethylbenzene 5.7%; xylene 22.8%; LA1278 aluminium powder (stabilised) 4.2; ethylbenzene 5.7%; xylene 23.0%; LA1279 aluminium powder (pyrophoric) 5.0%; ethylbenzene 5.7%; xylene 22.8%; LA1283 ethylbenzene 8.8%; xylene 34.0%; LA1284 ethylbenzene 8.1%; xylene 39.2%; LA1285 ethylbenzene 5.9%; xylene 23.6%; LA1287

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ethylbenzene 5.8%; xylene 23.2%; LA1288 ethylbenzene 2.4%; propan-2-ol 3.0%; xylene 9.7%; LA1289 ethylbenzene 6.1%; xylene 24.5%; LA1290 ethylbenzene 6.2%; xylene 24.9%; LA1291 ethylbenzene 6.4%; xylene 25.3%; LA1299 None; LA1399 ethylbenzene 0.4%; xylene 6.0%; LA4899 ethylbenzene 1.6%; xylene 2.0%; LIB01 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB02 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB03 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB04 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB05 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.0%; xylene 27.6%; TTB06 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB07 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB08 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; aluminium powder (pyrophoric) 7.2%; ethylbenzene 6.7%; xylene 26.4%; LIB09 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; aluminium powder (stabilised) 7.1%; ethylbenzene 6.7%; xylene 26.3%; LIB10 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%;

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LIB11

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1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.0%; xylene 27.6%; LIB12 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB13 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; aluminium oxide 7.3%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%; LIB14 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 1.2%; aluminium oxide 5.4%; ethylbenzene 7.1%; xylene 28.0%

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including LEAD SULFOCHROMATE, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

HMIS III rating Health: 2^x Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

16. Other information

SDS prepared by: BASF NA Product Regulations

SDS prepared on 27.11.2015

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